

**2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)
Cochranton Borough Water Department
PWSID#6200008**

Este informe contiene informacion muy importante sobre su agua de beber. Traduzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien. (This report contains very important information about your drinking water. Translate it, or speak to someone who understands it.)

We're pleased to present to you this year's **Annual Drinking Water Quality Report**. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Our water source is ***two wells that are located in Fairfield Township, Crawford County.***

We have a source water protection plan available from our office that provides more information such as potential sources of contamination. Rt. 173 and Hall Road is approximately 200 ft. from Well #1. This is the most probable source of contamination to our well sources. An accident involving a chemical spillage at this location could contaminate this well.

The State Police and Cochranton Borough Police would contact Water Department immediately concerning any accident near the wells. Department of Environmental Protection would be contacted immediately.

We are pleased to report that our drinking water is safe and meets federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact the Borough Office at 425-3365 between the hours of 8:30 AM to 4:00 PM or e-mail us at mgr@cochrantonboro.org.

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on **the First Monday of every month at the Municipal Building, 109 E. Adams Street, Cochranton, Pa. At 7:00PM.**

The Cochranton Borough Water Department routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of **January 1st to December 31st, 2014**. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Parts per trillion (ppt) or Nanograms per liter (nanograms/l) - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below, which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant in necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLG's do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination

Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level (MinRDL) – The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

Entry Point Disinfectant Residual							
Contaminant	Minimum Disinfectant Residual	Lowest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Lowest Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine (Entry Point 100)	0.54	0.59	0.59 - 1.77	ppm	09/12/14	N	Water additive used to control microbes.
Chlorine (Entry Point 101)	0.74	0.76	0.76 – 2.20	ppm	12/19/14	N	Water additive used to control microbes
TEST RESULTS							
Contaminant (Unit of measurement)	Violation Y/N	Highest Level Detected	Range	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
Cooper (Entry Point 100 and 101) 9/4/12	No	0.189	0.08 - 0.189	1.3	1.3 (AL)	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives	
Chlorine (ppm) (2014) sampled monthly (Distribution)	No	1.50 (April)	.068 - 1.50	MRDLG =4	MRDL= 4	Water additive used to control bacteria	
TTHMs (Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb) 9/12/14	No	12.7	N/A	N/A	80	By-product of drinking water Chlorination	
Nitrate 9/22/14	No	1.27	1.14 – 1.27	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits	
Nickel (ppm) 9/4/12	No	.0038	N/A	.10	.10	Leaching from metals in contact with drinking water such as pipes and fittings: Naturally present in the environment	
Contaminant	Action Level (AL)	MCLG	90 th Percentile Value	Units	# of Sites Above AL of Total Sites	Violation of TT Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Lead (2013)	15	0	1.9	ppb	0 out of 10	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper (2013)	1.3	1.3	0.105	ppm	0 out of 10	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives

Violations: In the month of May 2014, we monitored entry points 100 and 101 for chlorine residuals. The residuals were in compliance but we failed to report the results to the Department of Environmental Protection by the required due date. Failed to monitor correct number of samples for TTHM and HAA5. Tier 3 Public Notification follows.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, o hable con alguien que lo entienda.

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Cochranton Borough Water Department

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During the monitoring period 2014 we did not monitor for disinfection by-products (TTHM and HAA5s) as required by Stage 2, in accordance with 109.301 and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for these contaminants and how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were (or will be) taken.

Contaminant	Required sampling frequency	Number of samples taken	When all samples should have been taken	When samples were or will be taken
TTHM & HAA5	Annually	Dual Samples at 2 Locations	±3 Days of September 15th	September 15, 2014 (individual samples)

Corrective Action Taken: Routine monitoring should have consisted of annual dual samples at two locations. We collected individual samples at two locations, rather than monitoring for both TTHMs and HAA5 at each location. We will conduct this monitoring in 2015.

For more information, please contact Cochranton Borough Office at (814) 425-3365.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by the Cochranton Borough Water Department.

PWS ID#: 6200008 Date distributed: 4/1/2015

"If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Cochranton Borough Water Department is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for

drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>."

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by constants that are naturally occurring or man-made. Those constituents can be microbes, organic or inorganic chemicals, or radioactive materials. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing it from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

In our continuing efforts to maintain a dependable water supply it may be necessary to make improvements in your water system. The costs of these improvements may be reflected in the rate schedule. Rate adjustments may be necessary to address these improvements.

Thank you for allowing us to continue providing your family with clean, quality water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers. These improvements are sometimes reflected as rate structure adjustments. Thank you for understanding.

We at Cochranon Borough Water Department work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please call the Borough Office if you have any questions.